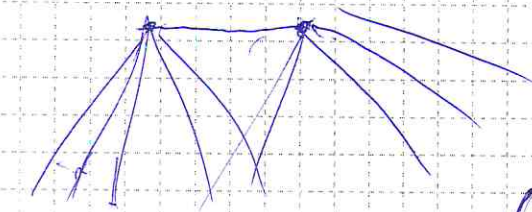




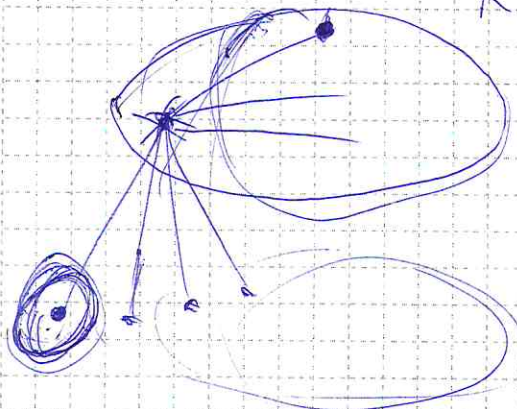
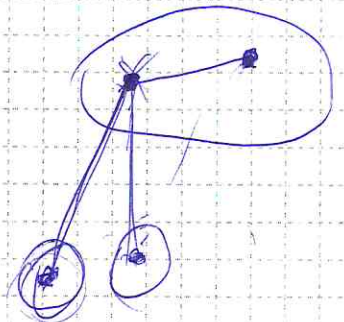
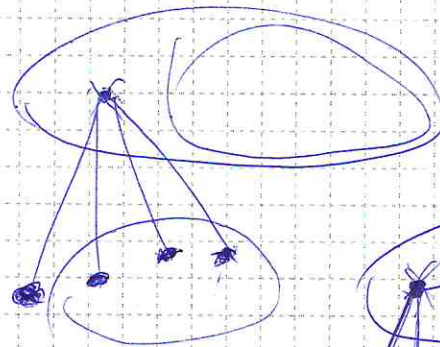
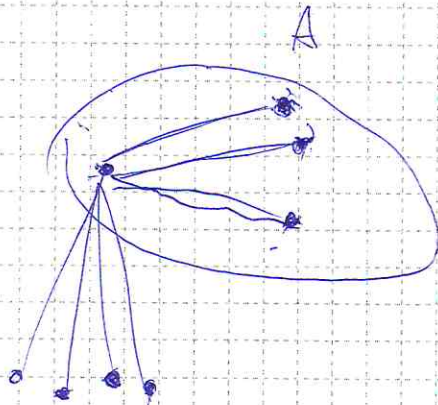
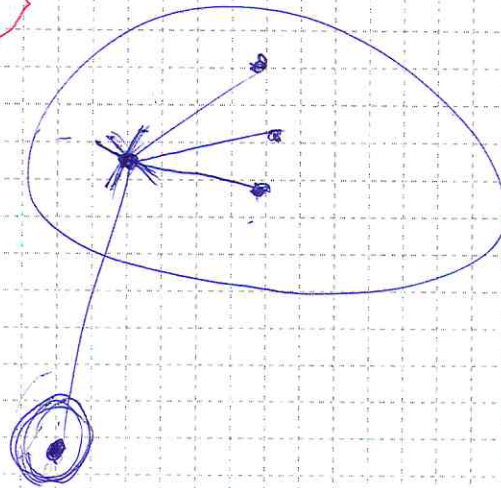
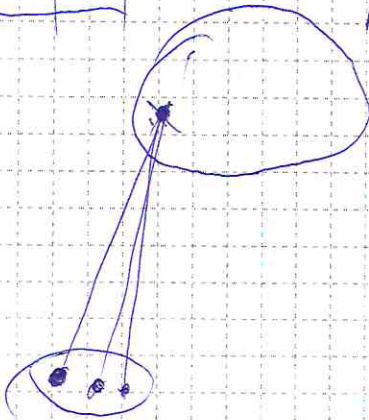
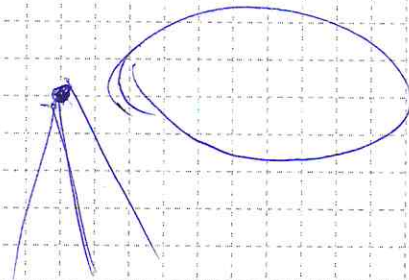
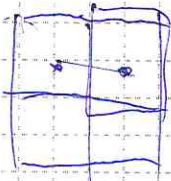
A C

$$|A| \leq 049$$



A

B



$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn \quad n \geq k \quad n \leq 2k-1$$

$$(2k-1)! \geq k^n \quad (2k-1)! \leq k^2 \quad n! = 81(4^{n-2} + 1)$$

$$n! \cdot k^2 \quad k^2 \geq 2k^2 \quad n! - k^n \quad n \geq 3k-1 \quad n \geq 7 \quad n \geq 5 \quad n \geq 3$$

$$n! = k^n + k^2 \quad n! = k^n + 2k^2$$

$$4 \cdot 16$$

$$4 \cdot 7 \cdot 1$$

$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn \quad 3k \geq n \geq k \quad n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn \quad 2k \leq n! - k^n \leq kn$$

$$k \geq 3 \cdot 2$$

$$k+1 \leq n \leq 2k-1 \quad k \cdot (k+1) \cdot \dots \cdot (2k-1) \quad 4$$

$$(k-1)k^{n-1} \quad k(2k-1)$$

$$k(2k-1) \leq k^3$$

$$\frac{a_1(a-1)}{2} \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn \quad 45$$

$$p_1^{a_1} p_2^{a_2} \dots p_r^{a_r}$$

p

$$4^{n-2} + 1 : 5 : 9$$

$$4^{n-2} + 1 : 5 : 9$$

$$(a_1-1)(a_2+1) + (a_2-1) =$$

$$p+1 \leq 2$$

$$\Rightarrow n-2/2$$

$$= a_1 a_2 - 1$$

$$n! - k^n = k^2$$

$$n! = k^2(k^{n-2} + 1)$$

$$p \mid (k-1)$$

$$(a_1-1)(a_2+1) + a_2 - 1 = a_1(a_2+1)$$

$$2a_1 a_2 - a_2^2 = a_1 a_2 \geq a_1$$

$$n! = 16(4^{n-2} + 1)$$

$$p \mid (4-1) \Rightarrow p=3$$

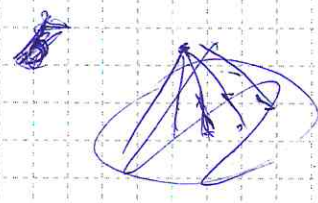
a!

p^n

B

$$\frac{p^n}{p} - 1 = p^{n-1} - 1 \leq n$$

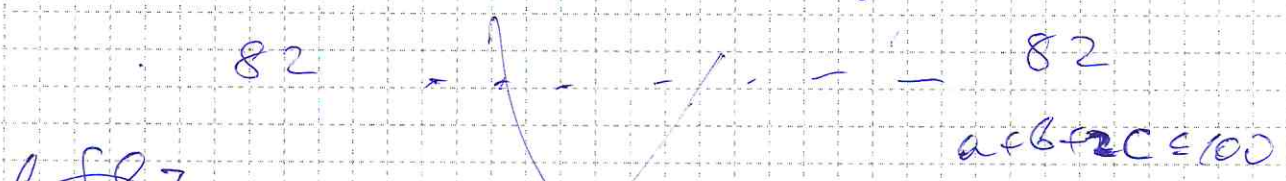
$m \leq n! - 4^n \leq 4n$   
 $4! 5!$   
 $n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn$



$b - \left\lfloor \frac{b}{a} \right\rfloor + 1 + c \leq$   
 $\leq b - \frac{b}{a} + 1 + c$   
 $100 - a$

$\leq 36$   
 $\leq (18-a)a$   
 $k \quad 18$

$\frac{(a-1)b}{a} + 1 + c$   
 $\frac{a-1}{a} b = b - \frac{b}{a}$

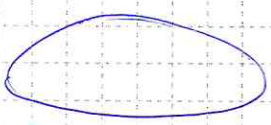


$b - \left\lfloor \frac{b}{a} \right\rfloor + 1 + c$

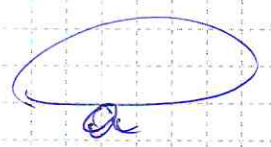
$\leq 18$   
 $\leq 18$   
 $\leq 17$

$b - \frac{b}{a} + 1 + c$

$18$   
 $a+b+2c \leq 100$   
 $a \leq (18-a)a$

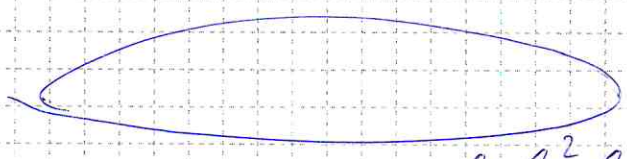


$a - \frac{a}{100-a} + 1 \geq 82$



$100 - a$

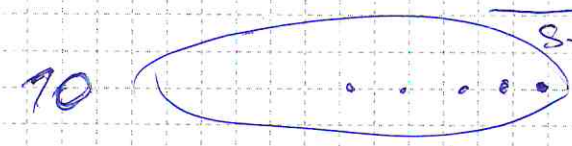
~~$a+b+c=100$~~   
 ~~$90 - 10 + 1 \geq 81$~~   
 $a+b \leq 100$



90

$\frac{sb - b^2 - b}{s - b}$

b c  
a



$10$   
 $b = \frac{b}{s-b}$

$sb - b^2 - b$

$b - \left\lfloor \frac{b}{a} \right\rfloor + 1 + c \leq$

$$b - \left[ \frac{b}{a} \right] + 1 + c$$

$$a + b + c \leq 100$$

$$b = 50 \quad a = 10$$

$$b - \frac{b}{a} + 1 + c$$

$$b \frac{a-1}{a} + 1 \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{g'(x)}{g(x)}$$

$$b - \frac{b}{s-b} \quad x \leq k$$

$$b - \frac{b}{a} = \frac{(a-1)b}{a} = b \frac{a-1}{a}$$

$$(s-b-1) b \leq k(s-b)$$

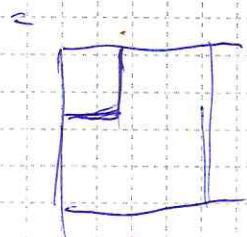
$$b - \left[ \frac{b}{sb} \right]$$

$$f' g(x) + g'(x) f(x) \quad \frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{f(x)}$$

$$b - \frac{b}{s-b}$$

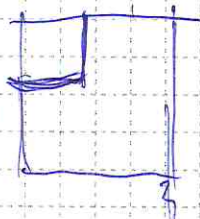
$$\frac{1}{f(x)} \quad \frac{\Delta x}{f} \quad \left( \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} \right)' = \frac{f'(x)g(x) - f(x)g'(x)}{g(x)^2}$$

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{(f(x+\Delta x) - f(x)) \Delta x} = \frac{f'(x)}{f(x)^2} = \frac{1}{(f(x+\Delta x) - f(x))^2}$$



$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - 2 - \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + 1 \right) = 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\left( 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 + \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 = 1$$



$$\left( 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \left( 1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) + \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2$$

$$\left( 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 + a^2 = 1$$

$$1 - \sqrt{2} + a^2 = 1$$

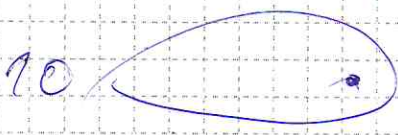
$$a^2 = \sqrt{2} - 0.5$$

~~$n > k$~~   ~~$n \leq 2k-1$~~   ~~$(2k-1)! \geq k^{2k}$~~

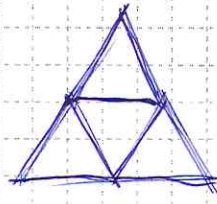
~~$n! \geq k^n$~~   ~~$n > k$~~

~~$n! \geq k^n$~~   ~~$n > 2k-1$~~   ~~$n \geq 2k$~~

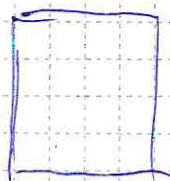
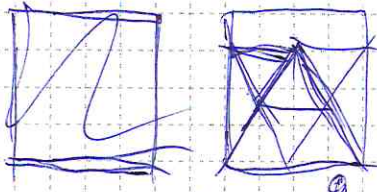
81.  ~~$n! \geq k^n$~~   ~~$n > 2k-1$~~   ~~$n \geq 2k$~~



1 2 3 ... n



~~$\frac{S_3}{4}$~~   ~~$\frac{S_3 \cdot 2}{4}$~~   
 ~~$\frac{S_3}{2} + \frac{1}{2}(2 - S_3)$~~



~~$(k-1)! \geq k^{k-1}$~~

~~$S_3 \cdot 2 - \frac{S_3}{4} \cdot 6 = 0,5 S_3$~~

~~$n! - k^n$~~   ~~$n \geq 2k-1$~~   ~~$n < k^2$~~   ~~$n < k^2$~~

~~$n < k^2$~~   ~~$n < k^2$~~   ~~$n < 3k$~~   ~~$n < 3k$~~

~~$(3k)! \geq k^{3k}$~~   ~~$n \geq 2k$~~   ~~$n < 3k$~~

~~$n! - k^n = 2k^2$~~   ~~$2k^2$~~   
 ~~$n! = k^{n-2} (k + 2(k^{n-2} + 2)) k^2$~~

$$n! - k^n \leq kn$$

$$(2k-1)! \leq k^{2k-1}$$

$$n > 2k-1$$

$$n \leq k^2$$

$$(2k-i)! \leq k^2$$

$$n \geq k^2$$

$$n! - k^n > kn$$

$$n = k^2$$

$$\frac{1}{k^{n-3}}$$

$$\frac{n!}{k^n}$$

$$1 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot n$$

$$n! \geq k^n$$

$$\frac{1}{k} \frac{2}{k}$$

$$\dots$$

$$\frac{n}{k}$$

$$\frac{k}{k}$$

$$\frac{k+1}{k}$$

$$\dots$$

$$\frac{n-1}{k} \geq 1$$

$$\geq 1$$

$$\geq 1$$

$$\geq 1$$

$$k \geq 5$$

$$\frac{2k}{k} \frac{2k+1}{k} \dots \frac{3k-1}{k} \geq 2$$

$$\geq 2$$

$$\geq 2$$

$$\geq 2$$

$$\geq 2$$

$$\geq 2$$

$$n! \geq \left(\frac{n}{2}\right)^n$$

$$\left(\frac{(k-1)!}{k}\right)^k$$

$$(k-1)!$$

$$\frac{(k-1)!}{k^n}$$

$$\rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(k-1)!}{k^{k-1}}$$

$$\rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(k-1)!}{k^{k-1}}$$

$$\rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(k-1)!}{k^{k-1}}$$

$$\rightarrow$$

$$\frac{(k-1)!}{k^{k-1}}$$

6

$$\left(\frac{(k-1)!}{k}\right)^{k+1}$$

$$- k^{k-1}$$

$$> \frac{1}{k^{k^2-k-2}}$$

$$2k^2$$

$$n! =$$

$$n! =$$

$$n! =$$

$$n! =$$

$$n! =$$

$$n! =$$

$$n! =$$

$$n! =$$

$$n! =$$

$$n! =$$

$$(k-1)(k-2) \geq k$$

$$n \geq 2k$$

$$n \geq 3k$$

$$n! - k^n$$

$$kn < k^3$$

$$2k \leq n < 3k$$

$$n! = k^{n-2} (k^2 + 1) k^2 (k^{n-2} + 1)$$

$$k^2 \geq 2k^2$$

$$n! = k^2 (k^{n-2} + 2)$$

$$n! - k^n = 2k^2$$

$$n \geq 2k$$

$$(2k^2)$$

$$2$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot 2^m}{2} - 2 \geq 1$$

$$1 \cdot 2 \dots (k-1) \cdot (k+1) \dots (2k-1)$$

$$P \cdot 2P \cdot 4P$$

$$2^n$$

$$P$$

$$k$$

$$2^3$$

$$(2k^2)$$

$$2 \cdot 2^n$$

$$1 > 2n+1$$

$$n! = k^2 (k^{n-2} + 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow p_1^{a_1} p_2^{a_2} \dots k$$

$$k \quad 2k$$

$$2k^2 \quad k > p \quad k > p$$

~~1 2 ... (k-1) (k-1) ... (2k-1) 2 2 ... k^{n-2} + 1~~

$n \geq 2k$   $k > 5$

$$\frac{n!}{k^2} = k^{n-2} + 1$$

3  $k^{n-2} + 1 \quad k \equiv 2 \pmod{3}$

4  $k^{n-2} + 1 \quad n-2 \equiv 1 \pmod{2}$

$k \equiv 3 \pmod{4} \quad n/2$

$k^{n-2} \equiv -1 \pmod{5}$

~~5~~ 5

$$3k-1 \geq n \geq 2k$$

$$n! \leq (3k-1)!$$