



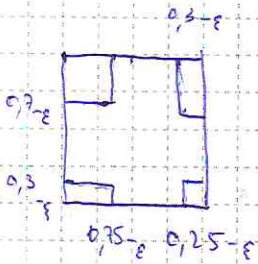
Фиксация санитарных выходов:

1 выход:		возвращение:	
2 выход:		возвращение:	
3 выход:		возвращение:	
4 выход:		возвращение:	
5 выход:		возвращение:	

Время окончания: 15<sup>30</sup>

Всего листов: 5

2.1.



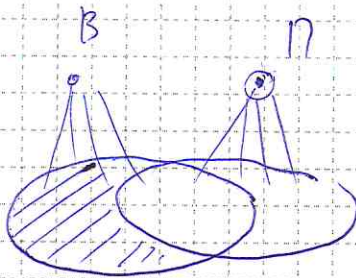
$$0,49 + 2 \cdot 0,3 \cdot 0,75 + 0,25^2 =$$

$$= 0,49 + 0,45 + \frac{1}{16} = 0,94 + \frac{1}{16} > 1$$

$$\frac{1}{16} > 0,06$$

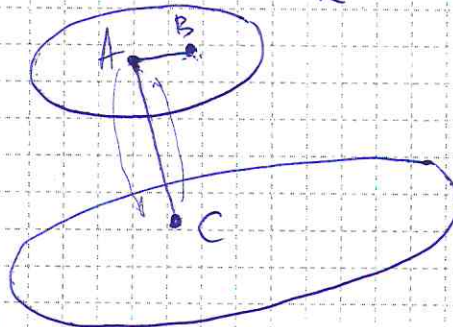
$$1 > 0,96$$

1.1.

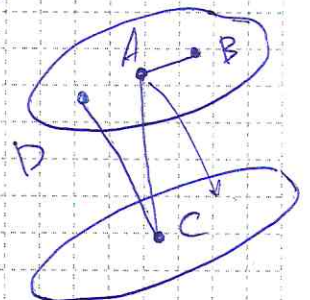


1.2.

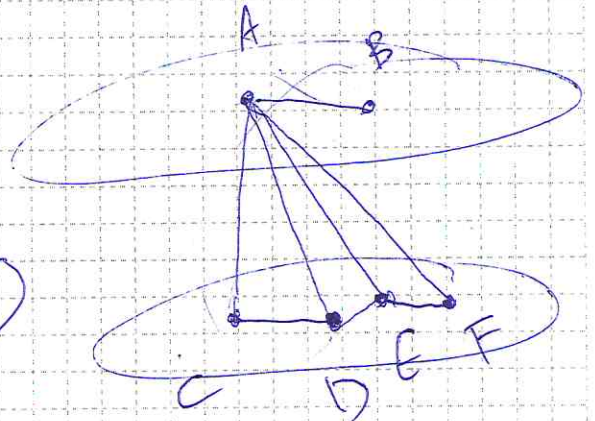
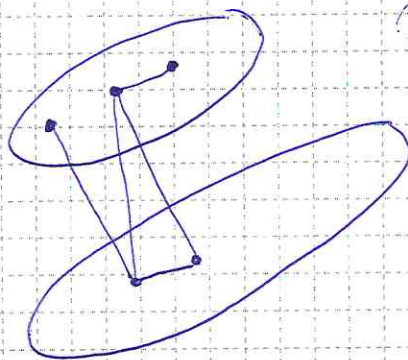
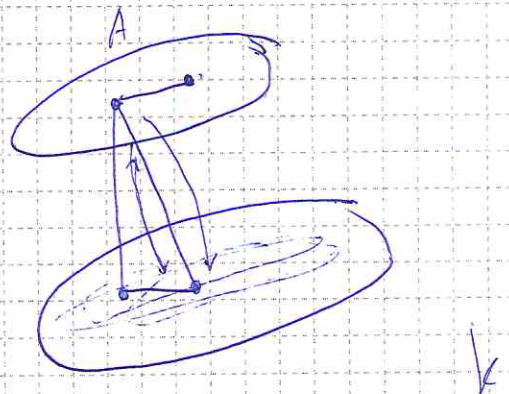
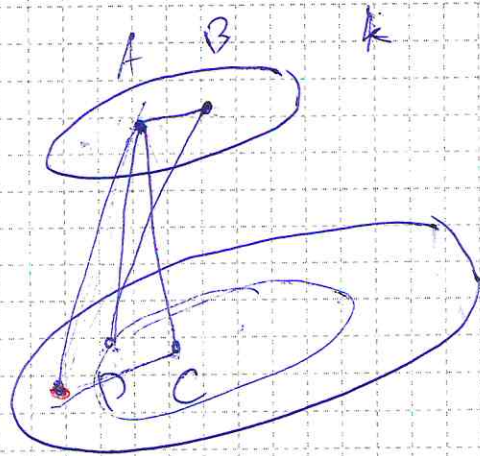
I



II



III



31.

$$n \leq n! - 4^n \leq 4n$$

~~base~~  $10 < 10! - 4^{10}$

$$10 < 10! - 4^{10} = (3 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 7 \cdot 9 \cdot 5 \cdot 2^8 - 2^{20}) =$$

$$= \frac{n!}{(n+1)!} = 4^{n+1} = n! + 4^n = n! \cdot n - 4^n \cdot 3 \geq 1$$

$$\frac{n! \cdot n}{4} \quad n! \cdot n > 1 + 4^n \cdot 3$$

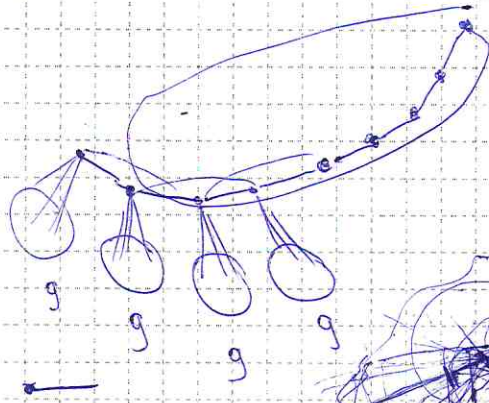
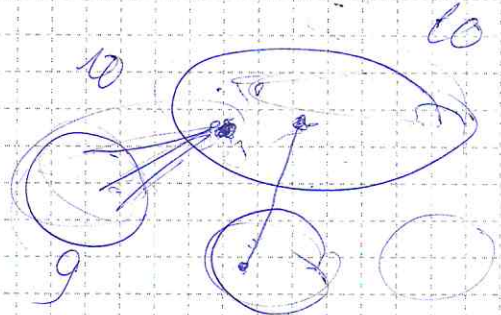
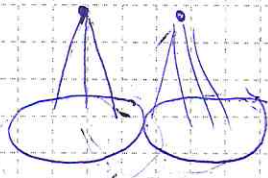
$$10 < 2^4 (3^4 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7 - 2^{12}) =$$

$$3^4 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7 > 2^{10} \cdot 7$$

$$2^{10} \cdot 7 - 2^{12} = 2^{10} (7 - 4) = 2^{10} \cdot 3$$



81



Примеч.

$$g = g$$

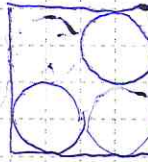
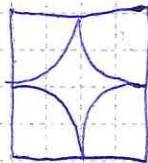
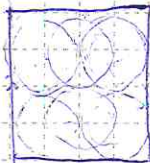
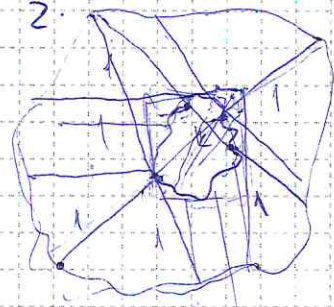
$$2,5 - \sqrt{2} = (1 + \sqrt{2}) \cdot$$

$$2,5 - \sqrt{2} = 2 - \sqrt{2}$$

4

$k < 1$

2



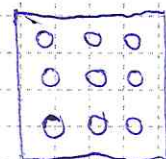
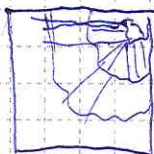
$$2 \cdot 2 = 4$$

Посчитать ребра

каждой др  $k = 2$

$$2 - \sqrt{2} + 0,5 =$$

$$n \leq n \text{ Пусть } S(A) > 2$$



$$(1 + \sqrt{2}) \cdot x^2 - x + 0,5$$

$$2,5 - \sqrt{2} = 0,5^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} - \sqrt{2}$$

$$2 - \sqrt{2} + 0,5 = (\sqrt{2})^2 - \sqrt{2} + (\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})^2 =$$

$$n! - k^n - (n-1)! + k^{n-1} \geq kh$$
$$(n-1)!$$

$$(n+1)! - k^{n+1} \geq n+1$$

$$(n+1)!/k \geq [n+k + k^{n+2}]$$

$$n \leq n! - k^n$$

$$n+1 \leq (n+1)! - k^{n+1}$$

✱

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$$n \leq \frac{n!}{4^n}$$

$$n! > 4^n$$

$$1 \leq 1 - 4$$

$$120 > 4^5 = 2^{10}$$

$$720 > 4^6 = 2^{10}$$

$$2 \leq 2 - 4^2$$

$$720 \cdot 7 > 4^7 = 4^5$$

$$3 \leq 3 - 4^3$$

$$720 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 > 4^8$$

$$4 \leq 4$$

$$720 \cdot 7 > 4^6 \cdot 2$$

$$3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 > 4^6 \cdot 2$$

$$n! = 4^n$$

$$9 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 > 4^4 \cdot 2$$

$$754 \cdot 8 \text{ — верно}$$

$$(n+1)! - 4^{n+1} - n! + 4^n > 4$$

$$n! \cdot n - 4^n \cdot 3 > 4$$

$$n! \cdot n > 4 + 3 \cdot 4^n$$

Верно при

$$n! > 4^n \cdot 4$$

$$n > 10$$

$$n > 3$$

$$9! - 4^9$$

$$1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 =$$

$$= 2^7 \cdot 3^4 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$$

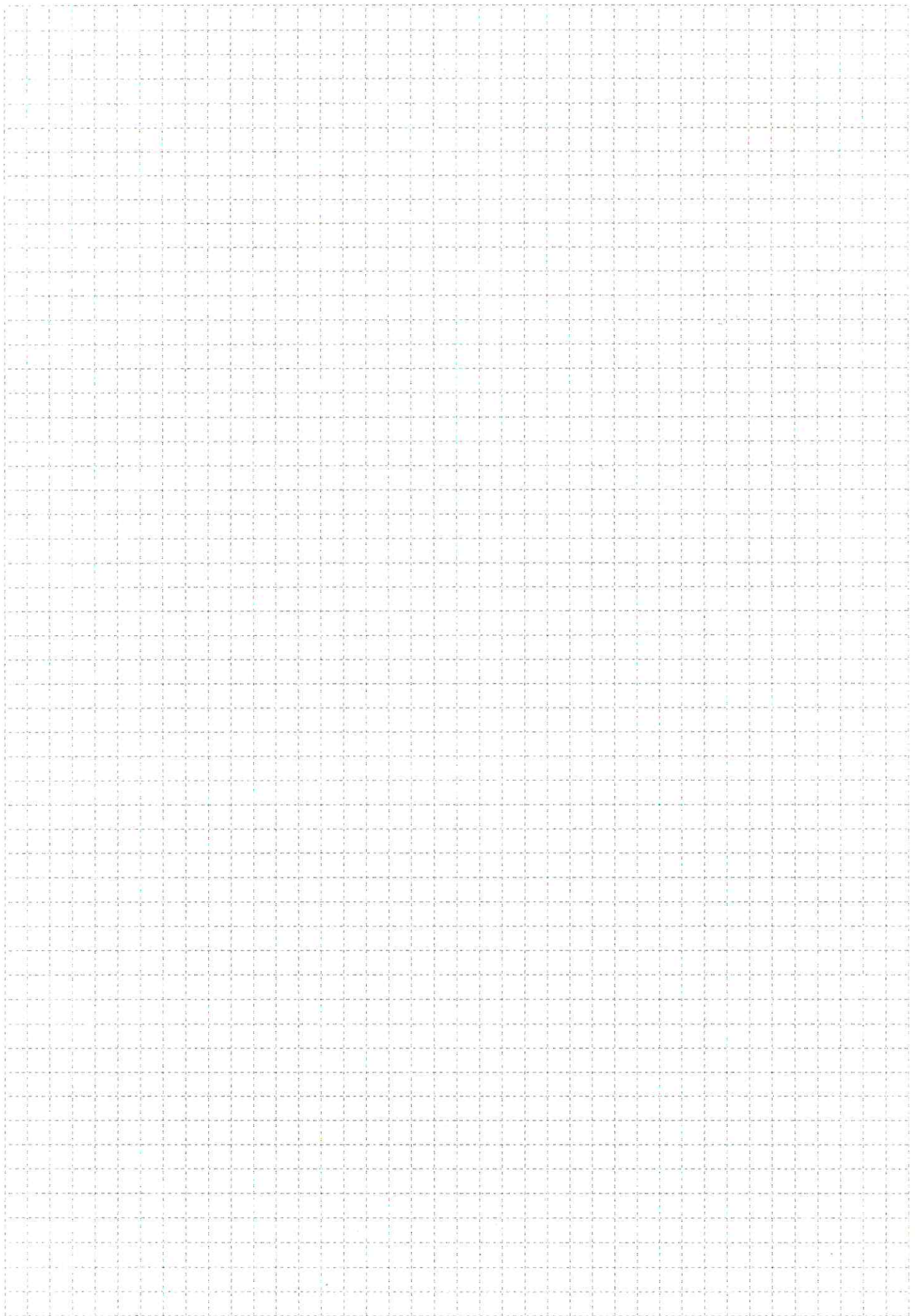
$$2^7 \cdot 3^4 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot \times 2^{18}$$

$$3^4 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot \times 2^{11}$$

$$81 \cdot 35 \cdot \times 2048$$

$$2835 \neq 2048$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 81 \\ \times 35 \\ \hline 405 \\ + 243 \\ \hline 2835 \end{array}$$



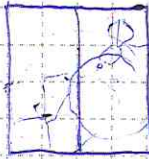
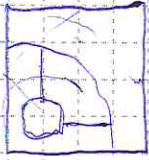
$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn$$

~~$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn$$~~

~~$$n \leq n! - (ab)^n \leq abn$$~~

$$k \geq 4 \quad n \geq 10$$

$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn$$



~~$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn$$~~

$$\begin{aligned} n! &\geq 6^n \\ 12! &\geq 6^{12} \\ (n+1)! - k^{n+1} + n! + k^n &= \\ &= n! \cdot n - k^n(k-1) \geq kn \\ n! \cdot n &\geq kn + k^n(k-1) \end{aligned}$$

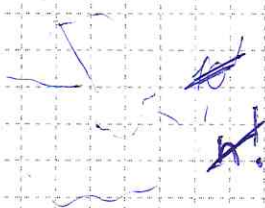
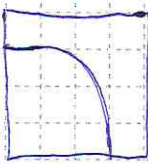
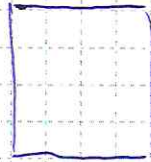
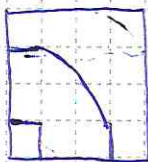
$$n! - k^n \geq n$$

~~$$n! - k$$~~

$$n! \cdot k - k^{n+1} \geq kn$$

$$n! \cdot k \geq kn + k^{n+1}$$

Значит это верно  
при  $n \geq k$



$$n \geq 10$$

$$k=1$$

$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn$$

$$n! - k^n \geq n \cdot k$$

$$n! \cdot k - k^{n+1} \geq nk$$

$$n \leq n! - 1 \leq n$$

$$n! - 1 = n$$

$$(1) \Rightarrow n! \cdot k \geq nk + k^{n+1}$$

$$n! \geq n! > k^n$$

$$n > k$$

$$(n+1)! - k^{n+1} - n! + k^n \geq kn + k$$

$$n! \cdot n - k^n(k-1) \geq kn + k$$

$$n! \cdot n \geq kn + k^n(k-1) + k$$

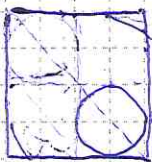
т.е. это будет верно при

$$n \geq k$$

$$n! \cdot n \geq n! \cdot k \geq nk + k^{n+1} > nk + k^n(k-1)$$

$n > k$  при всех натуральных  $n, k$ .

$$n \leq n! - 2^n \leq 2n$$



$$2,5 - \sqrt{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{4} + 2,25 - \sqrt{2} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 1,5^2 - \sqrt{2} = k^4 > k^4 \left(\frac{k-1}{k}\right)^4$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{2} - \frac{3\sqrt{2}-1}{2} - 1 = \frac{3\sqrt{2}-3}{2} = \frac{3(\sqrt{2}-1)}{2}$$

$$nk + k^{n+1} > kn + k^n \left(\frac{k-1}{k}\right)^n$$

$$k^{n+1} > k^n \left(\frac{k-1}{k}\right)^n$$

$$k > \left(\frac{k-1}{k}\right)^n$$

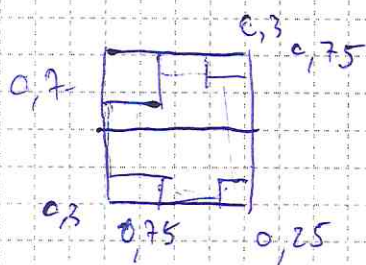


База  $10 \leq 10! - 4^{10} = 10! - 2^{20} \leq 40$

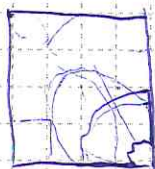
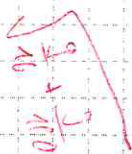
$$10! = 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 \cdot 10 = 2^8 \cdot 3^4 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7 >$$

$$> 2^8 \cdot 2^6 \cdot 2^4 \cdot 7$$

$$2^{18} \cdot 3$$



$$0,49 + 0,45 + \frac{1}{16}$$



$$n \leq n! - 4^n \leq 4n$$

~~$$n \leq n! - 4^n$$~~

$$10! - 4^{10} \geq 2^{18} \cdot 7 - 2^{20} =$$

$$= 2^{18} \cdot 3$$

$$4^{10} = (2^2)^{10} = 2^{20}$$

$$1 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 \cdot 10 = 2^8 \cdot 3^4 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7$$

$\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{2^2} \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{2^3} \quad \frac{1}{2}$

$$3^4 = 81 > 64 = 2^6$$

$$2^8 \cdot 3^4 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7 > 2^8 \cdot 2^6 \cdot 2^4 \cdot 7 = 2^{18} \cdot 7$$

$5^2 = 25 > 16 = 2^4$

$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn$$

$$n \leq n! - k^n \quad | \cdot k$$

$$n!k - k^{n+1} \geq nk$$

$$n!k \geq nk + k^{n+1}$$

$$n! > k^n$$

$$n > k$$

$$(n+1)! - k^{n+1} - n! + k^n \geq k(n+1)$$

$$n!n - k^n(k-1) \geq kn + k$$

$$n!n \geq kn + k^n(k-1) + k$$

$$n!n > n!k \geq nk + k^{n+1} > nk + k^n(k-1) + k$$

~~$$k^n > k^n(k-1) + k$$~~

~~$$k^n - k > k^{n-1}(k-k+1) > k$$~~

~~$$k^n > k^{n-1}(k-1) \neq 1$$~~

~~$$k^{n-1} \left( \frac{k^n}{k^{n-1}} \right) > k^{n-1} > k^{n+1} - k^n + k$$~~

$$k^n > k \quad k > 1$$