



Фиксация санитарных выходов:

1 выход:		возвращение:	
2 выход:		возвращение:	
3 выход:		возвращение:	
4 выход:		возвращение:	
5 выход:		возвращение:	

Время окончания:

15:30

Всего листов:

2

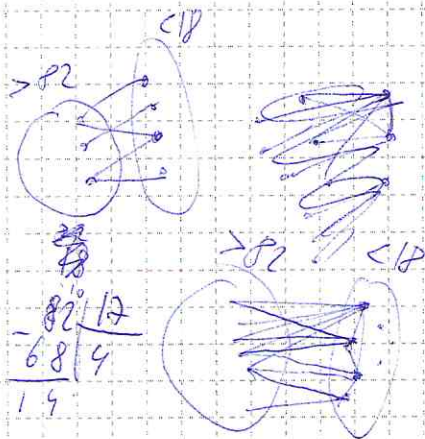
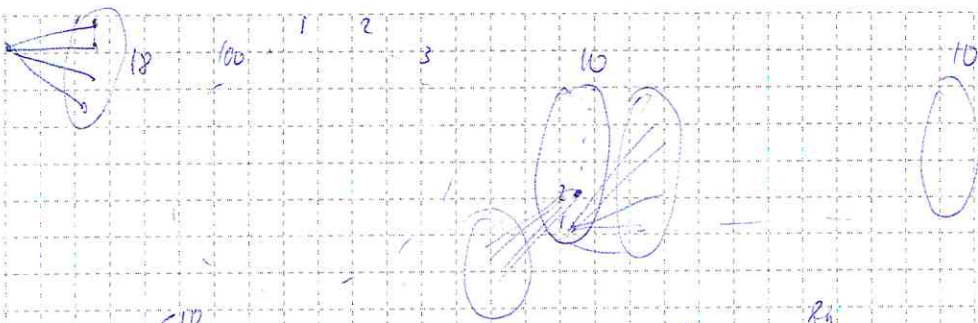
Handwritten mathematical work on grid paper, including diagrams, calculations, and notes.

Diagrams:

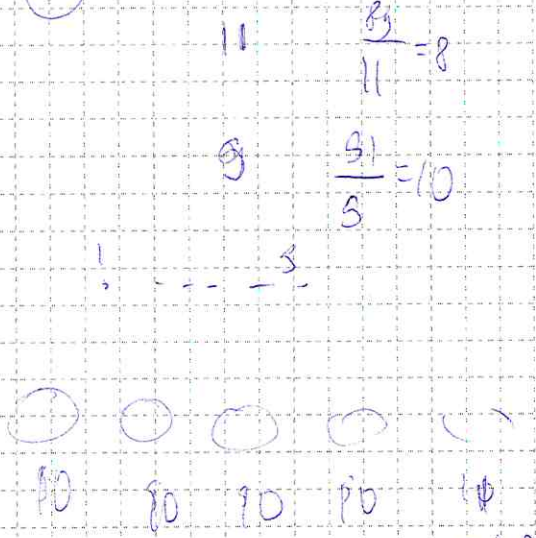
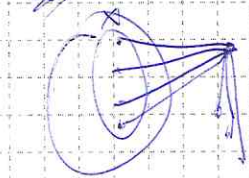
- Graphs with nodes and edges, some labeled with letters like A, B, C, D, K.
- Geometric shapes like rectangles and triangles with internal lines.
- Hand-drawn floor plans or diagrams of a building with rooms and exits.

Text and Equations:

- $BP \text{ мин} <$
- $S(A) > 2$
- $n \leq n! - 4^n \in 4n$
- $n + 4^n \in n! \quad 1 + \frac{4^n}{n} \leq (n-1)!$
- $n! \in 4n + 4^n$
- $(n-1)! \in 4 + \frac{4^n}{n}$
- Factorial table:
 - $1! = 1$
 - $2! = 2$
 - $3! = 6$
 - $4! = 24$
 - $5! = 120$
 - $6! = 720$
 - $7! = 5040$
 - $4^1 = 4$
 - $4^2 = 16$
 - $4^3 = 64$
 - $4^4 = 256$
 - $4^5 = 1024$
 - $4^6 = 4096$
 - $4^7 = 16384$
- Arithmetic: $400 + 165 = 565$, $565 - 25 = 540$, $540 / 700$
- Algebraic expressions: $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$, $\sqrt{3} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}$, $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + (2 - \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}) = 4 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$



$$\begin{array}{r} 82 \cdot 17 \\ - 68 \cdot 4 \\ \hline 14 \end{array}$$



$$\frac{83}{11} = 8$$

$$\frac{91}{5} = 10$$

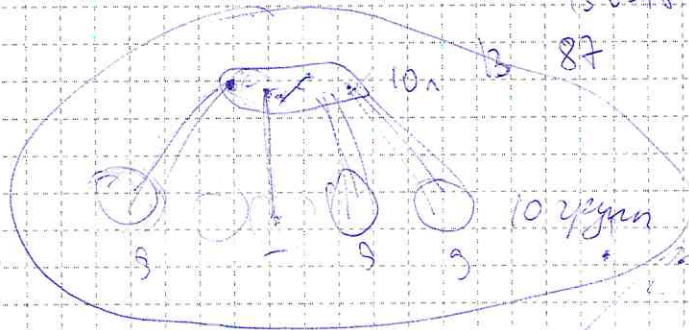
$$88 \cdot 12 = 2$$

12

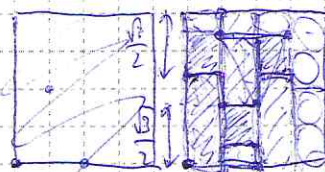
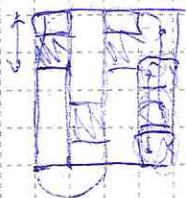
8 92

$$a \quad 100 - a$$

$$\frac{100 - a > 80}{a}$$

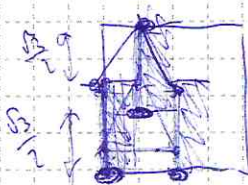


$$n \in n! - 4^n \in 4^n$$



$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} + (2 - \sqrt{5}) \frac{1}{2} + (2 - \sqrt{5}) \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} =$$

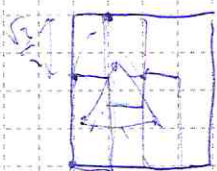
$$\frac{1}{2}$$



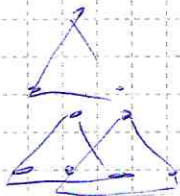
$$= 2.5 - \sqrt{5}/2$$

$$2.5 - \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \approx 1.65$$

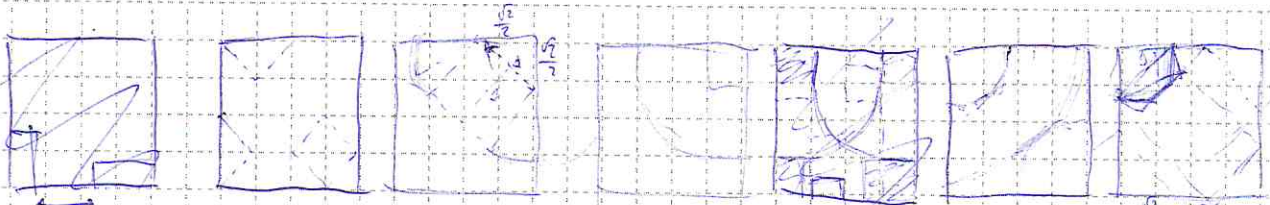
$$2.5 - 1.65 < \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



$$5 - 3.2 < \sqrt{3}$$



$$\frac{1}{2}(2 - \sqrt{3})$$



$$n \leq n! - 4^n \geq 4n$$

$$10! = 720 \cdot 7 \cdot 8 \cdot 9 \cdot 10 = 720 \cdot 220 \cdot 7$$

$$4^{10} = 1024 \cdot 1024$$

$$n! \leq 4n + 4^n$$

$$(n+1)n! \geq (4n + 4^n) \cdot 4$$

$$16n \geq 4(n+1)$$

$$4n \geq n+1$$

$$3n \geq 1$$

$$n \leq n! - k^n \geq kn$$

$$n! \leq k^n + kn$$

$$n + k^n \leq n!$$

$$n+1 \leq (n+1)! - k^{n+1} \leq k(n+1)$$

$$n! \geq k^n + kn$$

$$(n+1)n! > (k^n + kn)k > k^{n+1} + k(n+1)$$

$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn$$

$$k^n \geq kn + k$$

$$kn > n+1$$

$$(k-1)n > 1$$

$$\left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} - 1\right) \left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} - 2\right) \geq 0.07$$

$$\left(3 - \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} - 2\right) \geq \frac{49}{10000}$$

$$-6 + 8 + \frac{12}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{8}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{20}{\sqrt{2}} - 14 \geq 0.0049$$

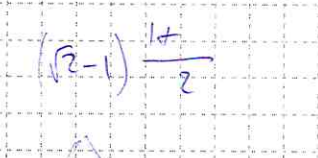
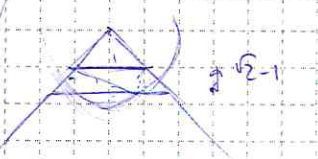
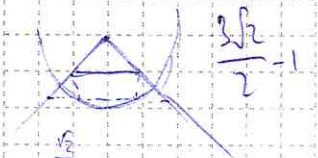
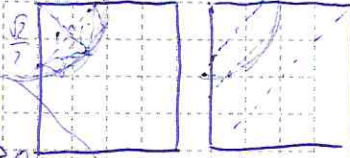
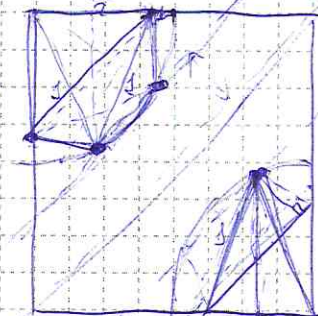
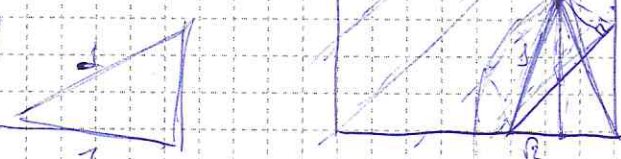
$$\begin{array}{r} 2000 \cdot 1.42 \\ 147 \cdot 140.98 \\ - 580 \\ \hline 568 \\ 41000 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{16 - 7 + 1 - 2\sqrt{7}}{16} = \frac{8 + 2\sqrt{7}}{16}$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{7}-1)^2}{16} = \frac{8 + 2\sqrt{7}}{16}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{14} - \sqrt{2}}{4} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{14} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{14} - \sqrt{2}}{4} = \frac{2\sqrt{7} - 2}{8\sqrt{7} - 4} = \frac{\sqrt{14} - \sqrt{2}}{4}$$



$$n \leq n! - k^n \leq kn$$

$$10! = 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 1$$

$$6^{10} = 2^6 \cdot 3^{10}$$

$$n! \leq kn + k^n$$

$$n > k \Rightarrow k < n+1$$

$$n \leq n! - k^n$$

$$kn \leq n! - k^{n+1}$$

$$\frac{n!}{k} - k^{n-1} \leq n$$

$$(n-1)! < \frac{n!}{k}$$

$$(n-1)! - k^{n-1} \leq n$$

$$10! -$$

$$\frac{n!}{k} - k^{n-1} \leq n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\frac{(n+1)!}{k} - \frac{k^{n+1}}{n} \leq n$$

$$1 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot (k-1) \cdot (k+1) \cdot \dots \cdot n$$

$$\frac{n!}{k} \leq k^{n-1} + n$$

$$n < k^2?$$

$$(k^2)! - k^{k^2} = k(1 \cdot 2 \cdot \dots \cdot k)$$

some $\frac{a}{k} > k \cdot k \cdot k \dots k \cdot k$
 K pay domane

$$k^k \geq \frac{k^k}{k^2}$$

$$x(k^2 - x) \geq k^2$$

$$k^2(x-1) \geq k^2 - x$$

$$x(x-1)$$

$$a - \frac{a}{k} \leq kn$$

$$a(k-1) \leq k^2 n$$

$$a \leq kn?$$

$$a \leq \frac{a}{k} \leq k^2 \cdot n$$

$$a(k-1) \in k^2 n$$

$$a \leq kn$$

